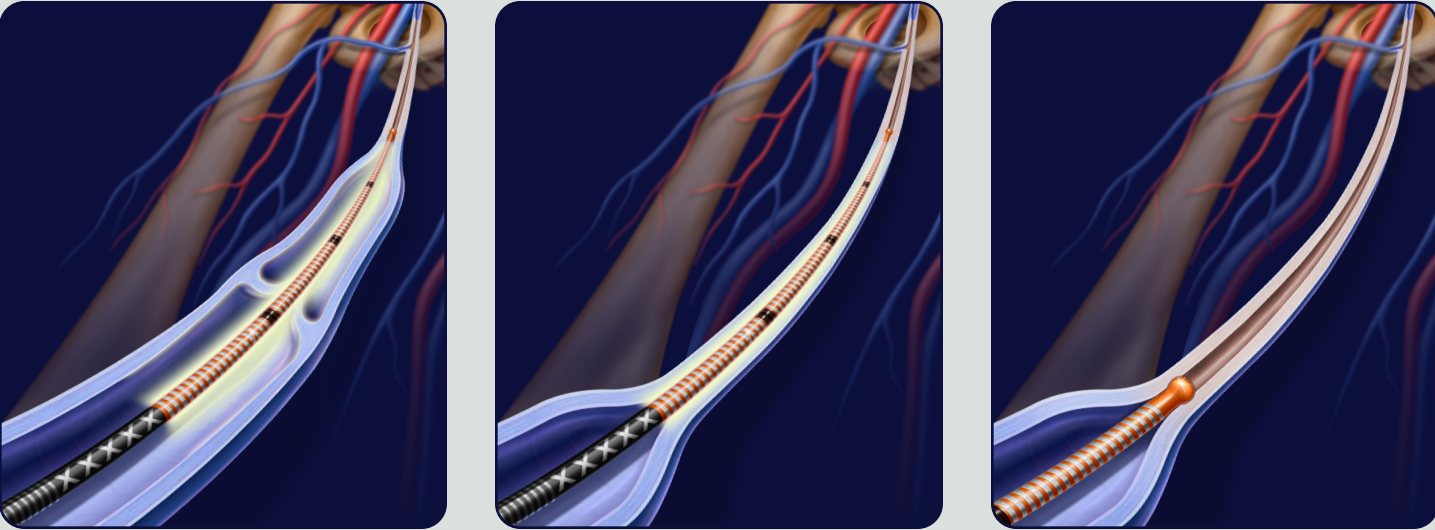


Choose RF Ablation

The Venclose™ System leverages radiofrequency (RF) technology that has been established as a venous treatment option for more than 20 years. While various treatments are available for venous reflux, RF ablation has wide acceptance and is the predominant approach used in the U.S.¹



Patient Results

Venclose™ RF Ablation Catheter

Before Treatment

After Treatment*

Images courtesy of Matthew Wise, M.D.

* After treatment image was taken 2 weeks post-op. Individual treatment results may vary.
** After treatment image was taken 3 months post-op. Individual treatment results may vary.

Venclose Maven™ Perforator Catheter

Before Treatment

After Treatment**

Images courtesy of Nathan Tomita, D.O.

Venclose™ RF Ablation Catheter

Description	Product Codes
Venclose™ RF Ablation Catheter (60 cm)	<input type="checkbox"/> VC10A256F60
Venclose™ RF Ablation Catheter (100 cm)	<input type="checkbox"/> VC10A256F100

Venclose Maven™ Perforator Catheter

Description	Product Codes
Venclose Maven™ Perforator Catheter (40 cm)	<input type="checkbox"/> VC056F

Generator & Accessories

Description	Product Codes
Venclose™ RF Generator	<input type="checkbox"/> VCRFG1
Venclose™ Procedure Pack (No Access)	<input type="checkbox"/> VCPK
7 cm Micro Introducer Sheath	<input type="checkbox"/> NIS02A
11 cm Micro Introducer Sheath	<input type="checkbox"/> NIS02
12G Angiocath™ IV Catheter	<input type="checkbox"/> 382277
Venclose™ System Foot Pedal	<input type="checkbox"/> VCFP1
Venclose™ System US Power Cord	<input type="checkbox"/> VCPCB

¹ Decision Resources Group. *Varicose Vein Treatment Devices: Medtech 360: Market Analysis: US: 2019*. Canada: Millennium Research Group, Inc., 2018.

The Venclose™ EVSRF Catheter is intended for endovascular coagulation of blood vessels in patients with superficial vein reflux. The Venclose™ EVSRF Catheter is contraindicated in patients with thrombus in the vein segment to be treated. The Venclose Maven™ Catheter is intended for endovascular coagulation of blood vessels in patients with perforator and tributary vein reflux. The Venclose Maven™ Catheter is contraindicated in patients with thrombus in the vein segment to be treated. Potential adverse events include but are not limited to the following: vessel perforation; skin discoloration; nerve injury; temporary paresthesia; thrombosis; deep vein thrombosis; phlebitis; hematoma; infection; skin burn; pulmonary embolism; and pain. **Please consult product labels and instructions for use for indications, contraindications, hazards, warnings, and precautions.**

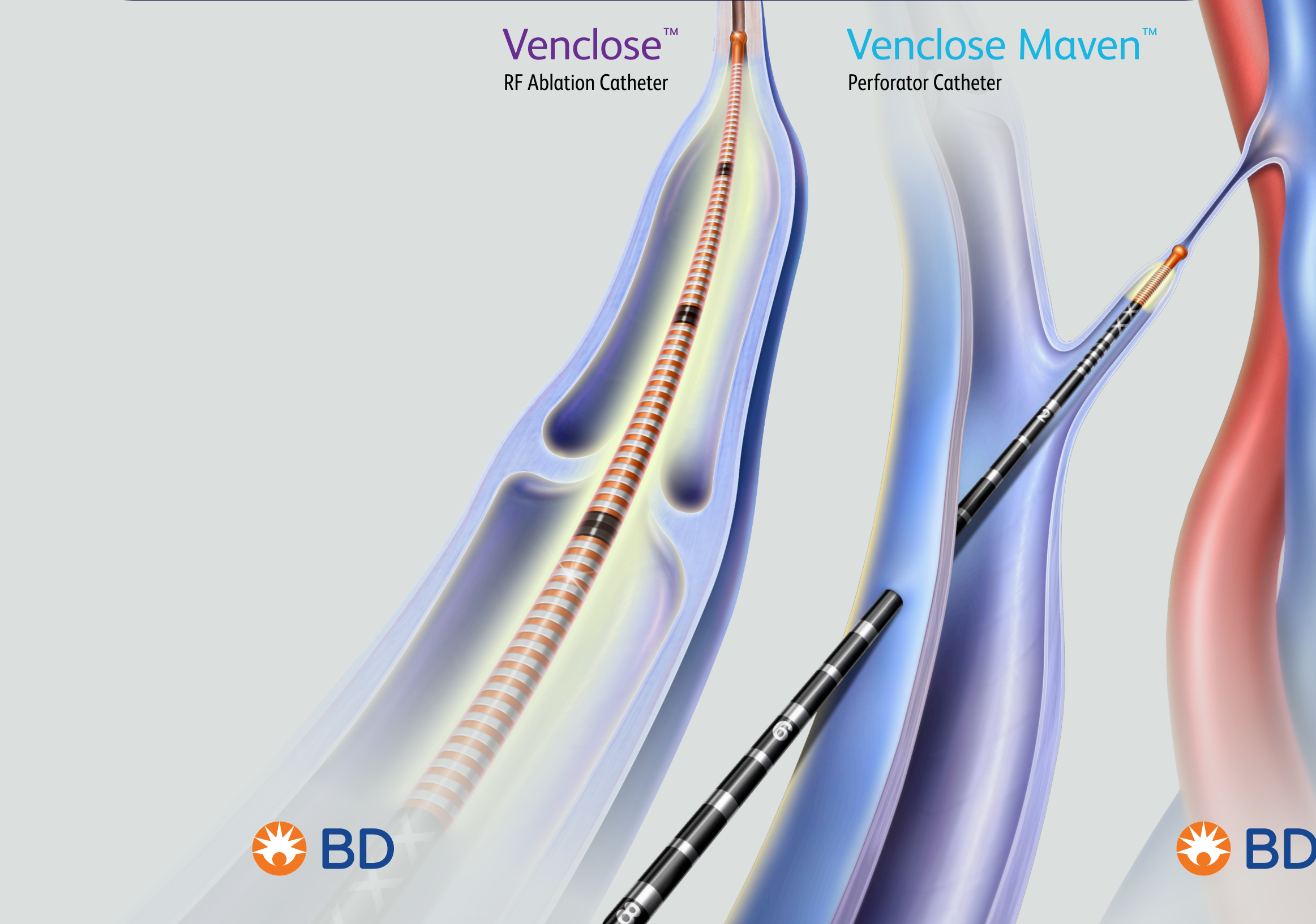
bd.com BD, Tempe, AZ, USA, 1 800 321 4254

BD, the BD Logo, Angiocath, Venclose, and Venclose Maven are trademarks of Becton, Dickinson and Company or its affiliates. © 2024 BD. All Rights Reserved. © 2024 Illustrations by Mike Austin. BD-87149

LEARN MORE
TODAY

Designed for Versatility

Engineered for Simplicity



Simplified RF Ablation

Venclose™
RF Ablation Catheter



LONGEST & ONLY DUAL HEATING LENGTH
VENOUS RF CATHETER*

The **only dual heating length RF device** that allows you to treat long and short refluxing vein segments (10 cm & 2.5 cm) with **one catheter.**



1:1 torque ratio helps steer through tortuous anatomy**
Flexible design supports navigation in tortuous anatomy
Curved catheter to help facilitate positioning



Venclose Maven™
Perforator Catheter



0.5 cm RESISTIVE HEATING COIL | **6F** LOW-PROFILE | **20 SECOND** TREATMENT CYCLES

The **only modernized, 360° circumferential heating coil RF solution** for the treatment of incompetent perforator and tributary veins.*



360° heating coil avoids the need for repeated quadrant ablations
Flexible design supports navigation in tortuous anatomy
Curved catheter to help facilitate positioning

Streamlined Setup & Operation



* As of September 2024.
** Data on file. BD, Tempe, AZ. BD Venclose™ RF Ablation Catheter (N=5). The torque ratio was evaluated by testing the amount of rotation of the distal catheter tip when a rotational force was exerted on the handle at the proximal end of the device. Mean torque ratio was $\mu=1.00$. Bench data may not be indicative of actual clinical performance. Different test methods may yield different results.